

ローレンツ力の導出過程

I. 数学的な準備 (S' 系は S 系と x 軸を重ねた状態で正の向きに移動する移動)

$$\begin{bmatrix} ct' \\ x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma & -\gamma\beta & 0 & 0 \\ -\gamma\beta & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} ct \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} ct' \\ x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma & -\gamma\beta & 0 & 0 \\ -\gamma\beta & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} ct \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma ct - \gamma\beta x \\ -\gamma\beta ct + \gamma x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \quad \dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$ct' = \gamma ct - \gamma\beta x$$

$$x' = -\gamma\beta ct + \gamma x$$

$$\frac{\partial ct'}{\partial ct} = \gamma \quad \dots \textcircled{3}$$

$$\frac{\partial x'}{\partial ct} = -\gamma\beta \quad \dots \textcircled{4}$$

$$\frac{\partial ct'}{\partial x} = -\gamma\beta$$

$$\frac{\partial x'}{\partial x} = \gamma$$

$[ct \ x \ y \ z] = [x^0 \ x^1 \ x^2 \ x^3]$ の時空間の変数でまずは取り扱う。

$$\frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial ct'} \frac{\partial ct'}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} \frac{\partial x'}{\partial x} = -\gamma\beta \frac{\partial f}{\partial ct'} + \gamma \frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} = \gamma \left(-\beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} \right) f \quad \dots \textcircled{5}$$

$$\frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial ct} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial ct'} \frac{\partial ct'}{\partial ct} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} \frac{\partial x'}{\partial ct} = \gamma \frac{\partial f}{\partial ct'} - \gamma\beta \frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} = \gamma \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} - \beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} \right) f \quad \dots \textcircled{6}$$

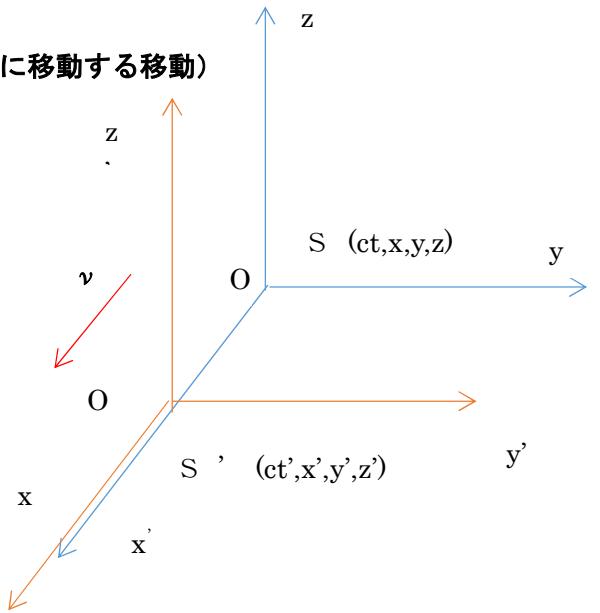
$$\textcircled{6} \text{より} \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} = \gamma \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} - \beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} \right) f \quad \dots \textcircled{7}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \text{より} \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} = \gamma \left(-\beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} \right) f \quad \dots \textcircled{8}$$

$$\beta \times \textcircled{7} + \textcircled{8} \text{より} \quad \beta \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} = \left(\gamma\beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} - \gamma\beta^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} \right) f \quad \dots \textcircled{9} \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} = \left(-\gamma\beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} + \gamma \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} \right) f \quad \dots \textcircled{8}$$

$$\textcircled{9} + \textcircled{8} \text{より} \quad \beta \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} + \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} = \gamma(1 - \beta^2) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^1} = \frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^1} \quad \dots \textcircled{10}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x^1} = \gamma \left(\beta \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} + \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} \right) \quad \dots \textcircled{11}$$



$$\textcircled{7} + \beta \times \textcircled{8} \text{より } \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} + \beta \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} = \gamma(1 - \beta^2) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^0}, \dots \textcircled{12}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x^0} = \gamma \left(\frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} + \beta \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} \right) \dots \textcircled{13}$$

(A) 時空間変数での扱い

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} = \gamma \left(\frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} + \beta \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} \right) \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} = \gamma \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} - \beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} \right) f$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x^1} = \gamma \left(\beta \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^0} + \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} \right) \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x^1} = \gamma \left(-\beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x^0} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} \right) f$$

(B) 時空間変数での扱い

$$\frac{\partial}{c \partial t'} = \gamma \left(\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial t} + \beta \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x} \right) \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{c \partial t} = \gamma \left(\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t'} - \beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) f \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial z'}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} = \gamma \left(\frac{\beta}{c} \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x} \right) \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x} = \gamma \left(-\frac{\beta}{c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t'} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) f \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial y'}$$

(C) $[t \ x \ y \ z]$ での扱い

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t'} = \gamma \left(\frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial t} + \nu \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x} \right) \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial t} = \gamma \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t'} - \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) f \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial z'}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} = \gamma \left(\frac{\nu}{c^2} \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x} \right) \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial x} = \gamma \left(-\frac{\nu}{c^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial t'} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) f \quad \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f(ct', x')}{\partial y'}$$

II. マクスウェル方程式のローレンツ変換による書き換え

$$rot \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \quad div \vec{B} = 0 \quad \text{まずこの二つの方程式を元にして書き換えをする。}$$

(1) x 成分について

$$\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z} = -\frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t} \quad \dots \textcircled{1} \quad \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y'} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z'} = -\frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t} \quad \dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y'} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z'} = -\gamma \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t'} - \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) B_x = -\gamma \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} + \nu \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x'} \quad \dots \textcircled{3}$$

$$div \vec{B} = 0 \quad \text{より} \quad \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z} = 0 \quad \gamma \left(-\frac{\nu}{c^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial t'} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) B_x + \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y'} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z'} = 0 \quad \dots \textcircled{4}$$

$$-\gamma \frac{\nu}{c^2} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} + \gamma \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x'} + \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y'} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z'} = 0 \quad \gamma \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x'} = -\left(\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y'} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z'} \right) + \gamma \frac{\nu}{c^2} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} \quad \dots \textcircled{5}$$

$$\mathcal{W} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x'} = -v \left(\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y'} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z'} \right) + \gamma \frac{v^2}{c^2} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} \dots \dots \textcircled{6} \text{を}\textcircled{3}の右辺に代入すると$$

$$\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y'} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z'} = -\gamma \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} + \mathcal{W} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x'} = -\gamma \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} + \gamma \frac{v^2}{c^2} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} - v \left(\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y'} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z'} \right) \dots \dots \textcircled{7}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y'} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z'} = -\gamma (1 - \beta^2) \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} - v \left(\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y'} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z'} \right) \quad \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y'} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z'} = -\frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} - v \left(\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y'} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z'} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y'} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z'} + v \left(\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial y'} + \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial z'} \right) = -\frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial y'} (E_z + vB_y) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z'} (E_y - vB_z) = -\frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} \dots \dots \textcircled{9}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y'} \gamma (E_z + vB_y) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z'} \gamma (E_y - vB_z) = -\frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t'} \dots \dots \textcircled{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\vec{E}')_z &= \gamma (E_z + vB_y) = \gamma (\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})_z \\ (\vec{E}')_y &= \gamma (E_y - vB_z) = \gamma (\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})_y \end{aligned} \quad \text{とする} \textcircled{11}$$

変換後の電場は $\vec{E}' = \gamma (\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B}) = \frac{\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B}}{\sqrt{1 - \beta^2}}$ と変換されると予測できる。

(2) y成分について

$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial x} = -\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial t} \dots \dots \textcircled{12} \quad \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z'} - \gamma \left(-\frac{v}{c^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial t'} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) E_z = -\gamma \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t'} - v \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) B_y \dots \dots \textcircled{13}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z'} - \gamma \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial x'} - \mathcal{W} \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x'} = -\gamma \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial t'} - \gamma \frac{v}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial t'} \dots \dots \textcircled{14}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z'} - \frac{\partial \gamma (E_z + vB_y)}{\partial x'} = -\gamma \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial t'} - \gamma \frac{v}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial t'} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial t'} \gamma \left(B_y + \frac{v}{c^2} E_z \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z'} - \frac{\partial \gamma (E_z + vB_y)}{\partial x'} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial t'} \gamma \left(B_y + \frac{v}{c^2} E_z \right) \dots \dots \textcircled{15}$$

$$(\vec{E}')_x = (\vec{E})_x \quad (\vec{E}')_z = \gamma (E_z + vB_y) = \gamma (\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})_z \quad (\vec{B}')_y = \gamma \left(B_y + \frac{v}{c^2} E_z \right) = \gamma \left(\vec{B} - \frac{\vec{v}}{c^2} \times \vec{E} \right)_y \dots \dots \textcircled{16}$$

$$\vec{B}' = \gamma \left(\vec{B} - \frac{\vec{v}}{c^2} \times \vec{E} \right) \quad \text{と変換されることが予測できる。}$$

(3) z成分について

$$\frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial t} \dots \dots \textcircled{17} \quad \gamma \left(-\frac{v}{c^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial t'} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) E_y - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y} = -\gamma \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t'} - v \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \right) B_z \dots \dots \textcircled{18}$$

$$-\gamma \frac{v}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial t'} + \gamma \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x'} - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y} = -\gamma \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial t'} + \mathcal{W} \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x'} \quad + \gamma \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x'} - \mathcal{W} \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x'} - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y} = -\gamma \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial t'} + \gamma \frac{v}{c^2} \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial t'}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \gamma(E_y - vB_z) - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y'} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial t'} \gamma \left(B_z - \frac{v}{c^2} E_y \right) \dots \dots \textcircled{19}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\vec{E}')_y &= \gamma(E_y - vB_z) = \gamma(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})_y \\ (\vec{B}')_z &= \gamma \left(B_z - \frac{v}{c^2} E_y \right) = \gamma \left(\vec{B} - \frac{\vec{v}}{c^2} \times \vec{E} \right)_z \quad (\vec{E}')_x = (\vec{E})_x \end{aligned} \quad \dots \dots \textcircled{20}$$

(まとめ)

ローレンツ変換に従って、マクスウェルの方程式を書き換えた場合に

$$\text{電場 } \vec{E} \text{ と磁場 } \vec{B} \text{ が次の通りに変換されるなら} \quad \boxed{rot \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \quad div \vec{B} = 0} \quad \text{はローレンツ変換において}$$

対称性（共変性）を保つ。

電場 \vec{E} と磁場 \vec{B} のローレンツ変換における変換式

x 軸方向（S' 系の原点 O' の進行方向）について

$$(\vec{E}')_x = (\vec{E})_x \quad (\vec{B}')_x = (\vec{B})_x$$

y、z 軸方向（S' 系の原点 O' の進行方向に垂直な方向）について

$$\vec{E}' = \gamma \left(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B} \right) = \frac{\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B}}{\sqrt{1 - \beta^2}} \quad \vec{B}' = \gamma \left(\vec{B} - \frac{\vec{v}}{c^2} \times \vec{E} \right) = \frac{\vec{B} - \frac{\vec{v}}{c^2} \times \vec{E}}{\sqrt{1 - \beta^2}}$$